Group Quality Checklist

Name of Facilitator:	Discipline:
Group Title:	Date of the Group:
# of Consumers Present:Reviewer:	

Organization/Direction

Organization often requires work before the session to ensure the efficacy of the group for its members. Planning and organizing helps ensure safety, promotes participation, reduces anxiety for the leader and for members, and enhances learning. Highly effective organizers are also able to be flexible and follow the group process while maintaining stability within the group. Effective group leaders are able to skillfully follow a manual or outline, as well as provide direction throughout a task or process. Maintaining direction and focus on the target behavior/goal is done in a skillful and purposeful manner. The leader utilizes their influence to foster change.

Low				High
1	2	3	4	5
Leader does not influence the topic or course of the session, and discussion of the target behavior is entirely in the hands of client. Group experience lacks purpose or outcome.		Leader exerts some influence on the session, but can be easily diverted away from focus on target behavior/goal. Leader struggles to make use of session's topic or has difficulty managing the process.		Leader consistently and appropriately directs the client to consider a target behavior without awkwardness or embarrassment. Therapist is gentle, but persistent, in turning the focus toward the target behavior/ goal. Well prepared. Flexible. Effectively utilizes pre-prepared materials and/or the group process.

Comments:

Clinician skillfully attends to the cor empathy, further elaborations and co			cates in such a way to foster
Low			High
1	3	4	5
Leaders gives little attention to client's perspective. Ignores feelings. Does not demonstrate understanding of other perspective.	Leader makes attempts to express understanding of clients perspective with modest success.		Leader demonstrates a deep understanding of the client's point of view, not just for what has been explicitly stated but what the client means but has not yet said.

Comments: ______

Supporting			
			roup leaders must not rush in to provide support but eaders may be tempted to try to minimize emotion or
5 0		ything is going to be okay), which would not be	
Low High			
1	2	3	4 5
Leader does not provide	<u></u>	Leader attempts to provide	Leaders support is well
support or rushes to simplify		support in a well intended	timed, appropriate and
client's feelings or situation.		manner but only with modest	helpful. Their delivery is
		success.	skilled and well received.

Comments:

Linking Linking involves relating what members are doing and saying among the group. Seeing and pointing out commonalities, similarities and patterns. The group leader has to listen to discern these commonalities, be able to hold them and summarize them in a useful fashion for the group. The group can become more cohesive and members can relate to each other in meaningful ways.			
Low			High
1	2	3	4 5
Leader makes no effort to	· ·	Leader attempts to	Leader skillfully identifies
connect group members or		summarize themes but is not	commonalities, similarities
commonalities shared by		able to link group members to	and patterns. Leader foster
them.		one another in an effective	intra-group discussion.
		manner.	

Comments:

		Blocking ellectualizing, storytelling, inappropriat ighly effective blocking is done so that		
Low				High
1	* 2	3	- 4	5
Leader fails to acknowledge or intervene when clients demonstrate negative or harmful group behavior.		Leader identifies the negative behavior but intervenes in an ineffective and counter- therapeutic manner.		Leader effectively intervenes when negative or inappropriate behavior is observed. They do so in a skilled and therapeutic fashion that keeps the offender engaged.

Comments:

Confronting

Effective confrontation does not involve attacking, telling someone off or force of any kind. High confrontation is an invitation, not an imposition. The consumer is invited to look at an aspect of him or herself and its impact on others. Effective confrontation is extended tentatively, not forced on the other person. Telling someone what you think he or she needs to know is an attack, not a confrontation. Confrontation is providing effective feedback and is given when the consumer can absorb it and use it. It's ineffective when the consumer feels overwhelmed or attacked.

Low			High
1	2	3	4 5
Leader addresses a clinical		Leader identifies an issue that	Leader invites members to
issue with a judgmental or		needs to be addressed but	examine themselves.
negative attitude resulting in		intervenes with modest	Effective confrontation is
a negative interchange.		success. The mode of	extended tentatively, not
		communication may be	forced on the other person.
		unclear or poorly timed.	The intervention is well timed
			and helps the client to move
			forward or to gain
			understanding.

Comments:

Constructive Termination			
Constructive Termination ensures that	t loose ends are tied	up, important and intense feelings are dealt w	ith so that members are not left dangling.
Low			High
1	2	3	4 5
Leader ends group abruptly		Leader identifies the	Leader brings closure to the
with no effort to deal with		termination issue but	group session, addresses
troubling emotions or		addresses it with modest	emotions that remain present
situations brought on by		success.	and intervenes effectively
group.			both at the group and
			individual level if needed.

Comments: ______